



**United States
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Service**

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Division**

**Fresh
Products
Branch**

United States Standards for Grades of Nectarines

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United States Standards for Grades of Nectarines ¹

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Grades

§51.3145 U.S. Fancy.

"U.S. Fancy" consists of nectarines of one variety which are mature but not soft or overripe, which are well formed, clean, and free from decay, broken skins which are not healed, worms, worm holes, and free from injury caused by bruises, growth cracks, hail, sunburn, sprayburn, scab, bacterial spot, scale, split pit, scars, russeting, other disease, insects, or mechanical or other means.

(a) In the case of the John Rivers variety each nectarine shall show some blushed or red color. In the case of other varieties each nectarine shall have not less than one-third of its surface showing red color characteristic of the variety. (See §51.3150.)

¹Compliance with the provisions of these standards shall not excuse failure to comply with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, or with applicable State laws and regulations.

§51.3146 U.S. Extra No. 1.

"U.S. Extra No. 1" consists of nectarines of one variety which are mature but not soft or overripe, which are well formed, clean, and free from decay, broken skins which are not healed, worms, worm holes and free from injury caused by split pit and free from damage caused by bruises, growth cracks, hail, sunburn, sprayburn, scab, bacterial spot, scale, scars, russetting, other disease, insects or mechanical or other means.

(a) In the case of John Rivers variety at least 50 percent of the nectarines in any lot shall show some blushed or red color. In the case of other varieties at least 75 percent of the nectarines in any lot shall show some blushed or red color including therein at least 50 percent of the nectarines with not less than one-third of the fruit surface showing red color characteristic of the variety. (See §51.3150.)

§51.3147 U.S. No. 1.

"U.S. No. 1" consists of nectarines of one variety which are mature but not soft or overripe, which are well formed, clean, and free from decay, broken skins which are not healed, worms, worm holes, and free from injury caused by split pit and free from damage caused by bruises, growth cracks, hail, sunburn, sprayburn, scab, bacterial spot, scale, scars, russetting, other disease, insects, or mechanical or other means.

(a) At least 75 percent of the nectarines in any lot shall show some blushed or red color, except that there are no color requirements for nectarines of the John Rivers variety in this grade. (See §51.3150.)

§51.3148 U.S. No. 2.

"U.S. No. 2" consists of nectarines of one variety which are mature but not soft or overripe, which are not badly misshapen, which are clean and free from decay, broken skins which are not healed, worms, worm holes, and free from serious damage caused by bruises, growth cracks, hail, sunburn, sprayburn, scab, bacterial spot, scale, split pit, scars, russetting, other disease, insects, or mechanical or other means.

(a) There are no color requirements for nectarines in this grade. (See §51.3150.)

Unclassified

§51.3149 Unclassified.

"Unclassified" consists of nectarines which have not been classified in accordance with any of the foregoing grades. The term "unclassified" is not a grade within the meaning of these standards but is provided as a designation to show that no grade has been applied to the lot.

Tolerances

§51.3150 Tolerances.

In order to allow for variations incident to proper grading and handling in each of the foregoing grades, the following tolerances, by count, are provided as specified:

(a) **U.S. Fancy, U.S. Extra No. 1, and U.S. No. 1 grades -- (1) For defects at shipping point.**² 8 percent for nectarines which fail to meet the requirements of the specified grade: **Provided,** That included in this amount not more than 4 percent shall be allowed for defects causing serious

²Shipping point, as used in these standards, means the point of origin of the shipment in the producing area or at port of loading for ship stores or overseas shipment, or, in the case of shipments from outside the continental United States, the port of entry into the United States.

damage, including in this latter amount not more than one-half of 1 percent for nectarines which are affected by decay.

(2) **For defects en route or at destination.** 12 percent for nectarines which fail to meet the requirements of the specified grade: **Provided**, That included in this amount not more than the following percentages shall be allowed for defects listed:

(i) 8 percent for permanent defects;

(ii) 6 percent for defects causing serious damage, including therein not more than 4 percent for serious damage by permanent defects and not more than 2 percent for decay.

(3) **For color --** (i) **U.S. Fancy grade.** 10 percent for nectarines in any lot which fail to meet the requirements of the grade.

(ii) **U.S. Extra No. 1 grade and U.S. No. 1 grade.** Individual containers may contain not more than 10 percentage points less than the required percentage of nectarines showing the amount of color specified for the respective grade: **Provided**, That the entire lot averages not less than the required percentage of nectarines showing the specified color for the grade.

(b) **U.S. No. 2 grade --** (1) **For defects at shipping point.**² 8 percent for nectarines which fail to meet the requirements of the grade: **Provided**, That included in this amount not more than 4 percent shall be allowed for sunscald, decay, or serious damage by insects or heat injury, including in this latter amount not more than one-half of 1 percent for nectarines which are affected by decay.

(2) **For defects en route or at destination.** 12 percent for nectarines which fail to meet the requirements of the grade: **Provided**, That included in this amount not more than the following percentages shall be allowed for defects listed:

(i) 8 percent for permanent defects including therein not more than 4 percent for sunscald, or serious damage by insects or heat injury; and,

(ii) 2 percent for decay.

Application of Tolerances

§51.3151 Application of tolerances.

The contents of individual packages in the lot, based on sample inspection, are subject to the following limitations:

(a) A package may contain not more than double any specified tolerance except that at least two defective specimens may be permitted in any package: **Provided**, That the averages for the entire lot are within the tolerances specified for the grade.

Standard Pack

§51.3152 Standard pack.

(a) Nectarines shall be fairly uniform in size and shall be packed in boxes, lugs, crates, cartons, or baskets and arranged according to the approved and recognized methods. All such containers shall be tightly packed and well filled but the contents shall not show excessive or unnecessary bruising resulting from overfilling. The nectarines in the shown face shall be reasonably representative in size, color and quality of the contents of the container. Each wrapped fruit shall be fairly well enclosed by its individual wrapper.

(b) When packed in closed containers, the size shall be indicated by marking the container with the numerical count, the pack arrangement, or the minimum diameter or minimum and maximum diameters in terms of inches and not less than one-eighth fractions of inches.

(c) Boxes, lugs or cartons:

(1) Nectarines packed in containers equipped with cell compartments, cardboard fillers or molded trays shall be of the proper size for the cells, fillers, or molds in which they are packed, and the number of nectarines in the container shall correspond to the count marked on the container.

(2) In order to allow for variations incident to proper packing, when packed in other types of packs in lugs, cartons, or boxes, the number of nectarines in the container may vary not more than two from the number marked on the container.

(d) Four-basket crates:

(1) The size of nectarines packed in four-basket crates shall be indicated as follows: 3 x 4, 3 -- 4 x 4, 3 -- 4 x 5, 4 x 4, etc., in accordance with the arrangement in the top layer of the basket. These packs shall not be more than three layers deep.

(2) The arrangement of the bottom layer shall be one row less one way, and may be one row less each way, than the arrangement of the top layer. The arrangement of the middle layer may be the same as the top layer or may be one row less one way than the arrangement of the top layer. Straight, offset, and diagonal packs in the layers are permitted.

(e) Baskets: Nectarines packed in U.S. standard half-bushel baskets shall be ring faced and tightly packed with sufficient bulge to prevent any appreciable movement of the nectarines within the baskets when lidded.

(f) "Fairly uniform in size" means that when the average diameter of nectarines in any container is 2 inches or smaller not more than 5 percent, by count, of the nectarines in the container shall be outside a diameter range of one-fourth inch; when the average diameter of nectarines in any container is over 2 inches not more than 5 percent, by count, of the nectarines in the container shall be outside a diameter range of three-eighths inch.

(g) Minimum size: When size is indicated in terms of minimum diameter not more than 5 percent, by count, of the fruit in any container may be smaller than the size marked.

(h) "Diameter" means the greatest dimension measured at right angles to a line from stem to blossom end of the fruit.

(i) Tolerances. In order to allow for variations incident to proper sizing and packing, not more than 10 percent, by count, of the containers in any lot may fail to meet the requirements for standard pack.

Definitions

§51.3153 Mature.

"Mature" means that the nectarine has reached the stage of growth which will insure a proper completion of the ripening process.

§51.3154 Well formed.

"Well formed" means that the nectarine has the shape characteristic of the variety and that bumps or other roughness do not materially detract from the appearance.

§51.3155 Clean.

"Clean" means that the fruit is practically free from dirt and other foreign material.

§51.3156 Injury.

"Injury" means any specific defect defined in this section; or an equally objectionable variation of any one of these defects, any other defect, or any combination of defects, which more than slightly detracts from the appearance, or the edible or marketing quality of the fruit. The following

specific defects shall be considered as injury:

(a) Growth cracks:

(1) When not healed;

(2) When more than one in number;

(3) When more than one-eighth inch in depth; or,

(4) When more than one-eighth inch in length.

(b) Heat injury, sprayburn or sunburn when the normal color of the skin or flesh is more than slightly changed, or when any indentation is present;

(c) Scab or bacterial spot when cracked, or when the aggregate area exceeds that of a circle one-eighth inch in diameter on a fruit 2 inches in diameter or 4 x 4 size, or smaller; or when the aggregate area exceeds that of a circle one-fourth inch in diameter on a fruit larger than 2 inches in diameter or 4 x 4 size;

(d) Scale or scale marks when more than one large scale or scale mark or when more than three scales or scale marks of any size are present;

(e) Split pit when causing any unhealed crack, or when healed and aggregating more than one-fourth inch in length, or when affecting the shape to the extent that the fruit is not well formed;

(f) Drought spots or external gum spots which have an aggregate area exceeding that of a circle one-eighth inch in diameter;

(g) Scars, including those caused by hail, when the surface of the fruit is depressed more than one-sixteenth inch or when not light in color, or when not smooth, or when exceeding any of the following aggregate areas, or a combination of two or more types of scars the seriousness of which exceeds the maximum allowed for any one type:

(1) Light colored, smooth scars when the area exceeds that of a circle one-fourth inch in diameter on a fruit 2 inches in diameter or 4 x 4 size, or smaller; or when the area exceeds that of a circle one-half inch in diameter on a fruit larger than 2 inches in diameter or 4 x 4 size;

(2) Twig or limb scratches which are not well healed or which have an aggregate length of more than one-fourth inch; and

(h) Russetting which exceeds any of the following aggregate areas of any one type of russetting, or a combination of two or more types of russetting the seriousness of which exceeds the maximum allowed for any one type:

(1) Rough or slightly rough russetting when the area exceeds that of a circle one-eighth inch in diameter on a fruit 2 inches in diameter or 4 x 4 size, or smaller; or when the area exceeds that of a circle one-fourth inch in diameter on a fruit larger than 2 inches in diameter or 4 x 4 size;

(2) Fairly smooth or smooth russetting or staining when the area exceeds 10 percent of the fruit surface: **Provided**, That speckling characteristic of certain varieties shall not be considered as russetting or discoloration.

§51.3157 Damage.

"Damage" means any specific defect defined in this section; or an equally objectionable variation of any one of these defects, any other defect, or any combination of defects, which materially detracts from the appearance, or the edible or marketing quality of the fruit. The following specific defects shall be considered as damage:

(a) Growth cracks:

- (1) When not healed;
- (2) When more than one in number;
- (3) When more than one-eighth inch in depth;
- (4) When more than three-eighths inch in length if within the stem cavity; or,
- (5) When more than one-fourth inch in length if outside of the stem cavity;
- (b) Heat injury, sprayburn or sunburn:
 - (1) When the skin is blistered, cracked, or decidedly flattened;
 - (2) When the normal color of the skin or flesh has materially changed;
 - (3) When there is more than one indentation; or,
 - (4) When an indentation exceeds three-sixteenths inch in diameter;
- (c) Scab or bacterial spot when cracked, or when the aggregate area exceeds that of a circle one-fourth inch in diameter on a fruit 2 inches in diameter or 4 x 4 size, or smaller; or when the aggregate area exceeds that of a circle three-eighths inch in diameter on a fruit larger than 2 inches in diameter or 4 x 4 size;
- (d) Scale or scale marks when the aggregate area exceeds that of a circle one-fourth inch in diameter;
- (e) Drought spots or external gum spots which have an aggregate area exceeding that of a circle one-fourth inch in diameter;
- (f) Scars, including those caused by hail, when the surface of the fruit is depressed more than one-sixteenth inch, or when exceeding any of the following aggregate areas, or a combination of two or more types of scars the seriousness of which exceeds the maximum allowed for any one type:
 - (1) Dark or rough scars when the area exceeds that of a circle one-fourth inch in diameter on a fruit 2 inches in diameter or 4 x 4 size, or smaller; or when the aggregate area exceeds that of a circle three-eighths inch in diameter on a fruit larger than 2 inches in diameter or 4 x 4 size;
 - (2) Fairly light colored, fairly smooth scars when the area exceeds that of a circle one-half inch in diameter on a fruit 2 inches in diameter or 4 x 4 size, or smaller; or when the area exceeds that of a circle five-eighths inch in diameter on a fruit larger than 2 inches in diameter or 4 x 4 size;
 - (3) Light colored, smooth scars when the area exceeds that of a circle three-fourths inch in diameter on a fruit 2 inches in diameter or 4 x 4 size, or smaller; or when the area exceeds that of a circle seven-eighths inch in diameter on a fruit larger than 2 inches in diameter or 4 x 4 size;
 - (4) Twig or limb scratches which are not well healed or which have an aggregate length of more than one-half inch; and
- (g) Russetting which exceeds any of the following aggregate areas of any one type of russetting, or a combination of two or more types of russetting the seriousness of which exceeds the maximum allowed for any one type:
 - (1) Rough russetting when the area exceeds that of a circle one-fourth inch in diameter on a fruit 2 inches in diameter or 4 x 4 size, or smaller; or when the area exceeds that of a circle one-half inch in diameter on a fruit larger than 2 inches in diameter or 4 x 4 size;
 - (2) Slightly rough russetting when the area exceeds that of a circle five-eighths inch in diameter on a fruit 2 inches in diameter or 4 x 4 size, or smaller; or when the area exceeds that of a circle three-fourths inch in diameter on a fruit larger than 2 inches in diameter or 4 x 4 size;
 - (3) Fairly smooth or smooth russetting when the area exceeds 25 percent of the fruit surface of

Freedom, Early LeGrand, and Quetta varieties and 15 percent of the fruit surface of other varieties: **Provided**, That discoloration occurring as yellow to brown staining of the skin shall not be considered as russetting and shall be considered as causing damage only when materially detracting from the appearance of the nectarine, and that speckling characteristic of certain varieties shall not be considered as russetting or discoloration.

§51.3158 Badly misshapen.

"Badly misshapen" means that the nectarine is so decidedly deformed that its appearance is seriously affected.

§51.3159 Serious damage.

"Serious damage" means any specific defect defined in this section; or an equally objectionable variation of any one of these defects, any other defect, or any combination of defects which seriously detracts from the appearance or the edible or marketing quality of the fruit. The following specific defects shall be considered as serious damage:

(a) Growth cracks:

- (1) When not healed and more than one-eighth inch in length or depth;
- (2) When healed and more than three-sixteenths inch in depth;
- (3) When healed and aggregating more than five-eighths inch in length if within the stem cavity;

or,

- (4) When healed and aggregating more than one-half inch in length if outside of the stem cavity;

(b) Heat injury, sprayburn or sunburn:

- (1) When the skin is blistered, cracked, or decidedly flattened;
- (2) When causing any dark discoloration of the flesh;
- (3) When there are more than two indentations;
- (4) When the aggregate area of indentations exceeds that of a circle three-eighths inch in diameter; or,
- (5) When causing noticeable brownish or darker discoloration over more than one-fourth of the fruit surface;

(c) Scab or bacterial spot when the aggregate area exceeds that of a circle one-half inch in diameter on a fruit 2 inches in diameter or 4 x 4 size, or smaller; or when the aggregate area exceeds that of a circle three-fourths inch in diameter on a fruit larger than 2 inches in diameter or 4 x 4 size;

(d) Scale or scale marks when the aggregate area exceeds that of a circle three-eighths inch in diameter;

(e) Split pit when causing any unhealed crack or when healed and aggregating more than three-eighths inch in length, or when affecting the shape to the extent that the fruit is badly misshapen;

(f) Drought spots or external gum spots which have an aggregate area exceeding that of a circle one-half inch in diameter;

(g) Scars, including those caused by hail, when the surface of the fruit is depressed more than three-sixteenths inch, or when exceeding any of the following aggregate areas, or a combination of two or more types of scars the seriousness of which exceeds the maximum allowed for any one type:

- (1) Dark or rough scars when the area exceeds that of a circle three-fourths inch in diameter on a

fruit 2 inches in diameter or 4 x 4 size, or smaller; or when the area exceeds that of a circle one inch in diameter on fruit larger than 2 inches in diameter or 4 x 4 size;

(2) Scars which are not dark or rough when the area exceeds one-fourth of the fruit surface;

(h) Russeting which exceeds any of the following aggregate areas of any one type of russeting, or a combination of two or more types of russeting the seriousness of which exceeds the maximum allowed for any one type:

(1) Rough or slightly rough russeting when the area exceeds 10 percent of the fruit surface; or

(2) Fairly smooth or smooth russeting when the area exceeds 50 percent of the fruit surface:

Provided, That discoloration occurring as yellow to brown staining of the skin shall not be considered russeting and shall be considered as causing serious damage only when seriously detracting from the appearance of the nectarine, and that speckling characteristic of certain varieties shall not be considered as russeting or discoloration.

(i) Soft or overripe nectarines;

(j) Nectarines affected by decay;

(k) Unhealed broken skins except those associated with growth cracks; and,

(l) Wormy fruit or worm holes.

Metric Conversion Table

§51.3160 Metric conversion table.

Inches	Millimeters (mm)
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1/8 equals.....	3.2
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1/4 equals.....	6.4
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3/8 equals.....	9.5
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1/2 equals.....	12.7
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5/8 equals.....	15.9
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3/4 equals.....	19.1
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7/8 equals.....	22.2
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1 equals.....	25.4
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1-1/4 equals.....	31.8
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1-1/2 equals.....	38.1
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1-3/4 equals.....	44.5
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2 equals.....	50.8
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3 equals.....	76.2
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4 equals.....	101.6
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